Adaptive Automated Threat Recognition (AATR) – Introduction

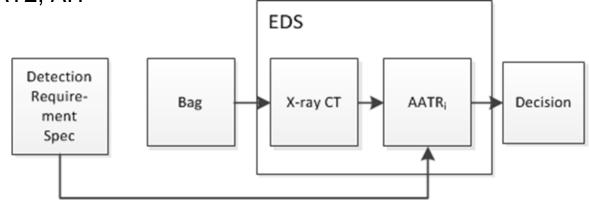
May 17, 2018

Carl Crawford, Csuptwo Harry Martz, LLNL David Castanon, Boston University

This material is based upon work supported by the U.S. Department of Homeland security under Award Number 2013-ST-061-E0

So What? Who Cares?

- Space: CT-based explosive detection scanners (checked and carryon) with automated threat recognition (ATR)
- Problem: Takes too long to field ATRs based on emerging threats from adapting adversary
- Part of the solution: Adaptive automated threat recognition (AATR)
 - Automatically adapt to computer-readable detection requirement specification
 - Goal: same-day deployment of new AATR after new threat identified
- Status: ALERT & LLNL funded to develop requirements, algorithms, metrics and testing methods for AATRs
- TSA benefit: Faster response to emerging threats, trade PD/PFA, change min mass, min sheet thickness
 - Also applicable to AT2, AIT



ADSA Format

- This is a workshop, not a conference
 - Speakers are instructed to begin with "So What? Who Cares?" (elevator speech)
 - Crawford bears responsibility for format (and agenda)
 - Conversation and questions are expected at all times, especially during presentations after first slide
 - Optimal presentation ends after first slide
- Public domain no SSI or classified material
- No speaker introductions; read handouts

Goal

- Vendors deliver an automated system (or tool, process, denoted AATR) that can be used to create new ATRs.
- ATRs developed without extensive training data and without rigorous TSL testing
 - ATRs can be refined with additional training data and testing
 - AATRs may be complementary to traditionally certified ATRs or could be standalone depending on CONOPS and performance.
- Hence, time from identification to deployment is reduced
- Most of the ~20 steps used today would be eliminated
 - Steps may need to be eliminated if Intel says that country being attacked with new threat
 - High PFA may be acceptable with adapted ATR

Objects of Interest (OOI)

- Data:
 - TO4: 188 SSNs -> Clay, Saline, Rubber (training)
 - TO7: 101 SSNs -> m1, m2, m3, m4 (sequestered)
 - Scanned on medical CT scanner

OOI	Min Density [MHU]	Max Density [MHU]
m1	380	525
m2	770	810
m3	1300	1375
m4	1350	1430

Object Requirement Spec (ORS)

- Types of threat classes
- For each class
 - Minimum mass
 - Minimum thickness (sheets only)
 - Density range
 - Coefficient for calculating weighted PD
 - PD per class
 - Texture: no spec at present
- PFA
- Computer readable

Adaptability Metrics (AM)

- AMs
 - PD when varying PFA
 - PD/PFA when varying specified OOIs
 - Clay: OOI -> confuser
 - PD/PFA when varying relative weighting (contribution) of a specified OOI
 - PD/PFA when varying specified minimum mass
 - PD/PFA when varying specified minimum thickness
 - PD/PFA: OOIs not found in training data

Adaptability Metrics: PD/PFA function different ORSs

					Perfor	mer Trai	ning / T	TO4 Dat	a			
	A	M 1: AR	ос			AM 4: PD/PFA for Varying Mass						
00 I	Require d PD [%]	Require d PFA [%]	AATR PD [%]	AATR PFA [%]	001	Min Mass[g]	Require d PD [%]	e Require PFA [%]	PD	AAT R PFA [%	Increment al Mass Rnge [g]	AATR Incrementa I PD [%]
S	0.7	0.02]	1.130[3]	
S	0.8	0.05			S	400	90	10			N/A	N/A
S	0.85	0.08			S	300	90	10			300 - 400	
S	0.9	0.1			S	100	90	10			100 - 300	
S	0.95	0.2					AM	I 5: PD/PE	A for Varyi	ng Thien	ess	
AM	AROC 2: PD/PFA Require			ORS #1 AAT	00 I	Min Thickne ss [mm]	Require d PD [%]	e Require d PFA [%]		AAT R PFA [%	Increment al Thickness Rnge [mm]	AATR Incrementa I PD [%]
001	d PD [%]	d PF/	A RPC		R	10	90	10			N/A	N/A
C,S,				[%]	R	6.5	90	10			6.5 - 10	
C,3, R	90	10			R	0	90	10			0 - 6.5	
С	90	10					AL	ERT Te	esting /	T07 D	ata	
S	90	10					AM 2: PD/PFA for Varying OOIs					
	AM 3:	Varing Pl	D Weight								AAT	
00 I	Req PD [%]	Req PFA [%	AATR PD [%]	AATR PFA [%]			00l(s)	Require d PD [%]	Require d PFA [%]	AATR PD [%]	R PFA [%]	
<u> </u>	C:90.] 10	C: xx, S:				m1	90	10			
C, S	S:90,	10	C. XX, S. XX				m2	90	10			
C, S	C:20, S:90	10	C: xx, S: xx				m3 m4	90 90	10 10			
C, S	C:90, S:20	10	C: xx, S: xx									

Performers - AATR

- David Castanon, Boston University
 - Trent Montgomery
- Toby Breckon, Durham University, UK
 Qian Wang, Khalid Ismail
- Dong Hye Ye + Charlie Bouman, Purdue University
- Dave Paglieroni, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) (funded by EXD)
 - Hema Chandrasekaran, Christian Pechard, Harry Martz
- Avi Kak, Purdue University (unfunded participant)
 - Ankit Manerikar

Performers - Support

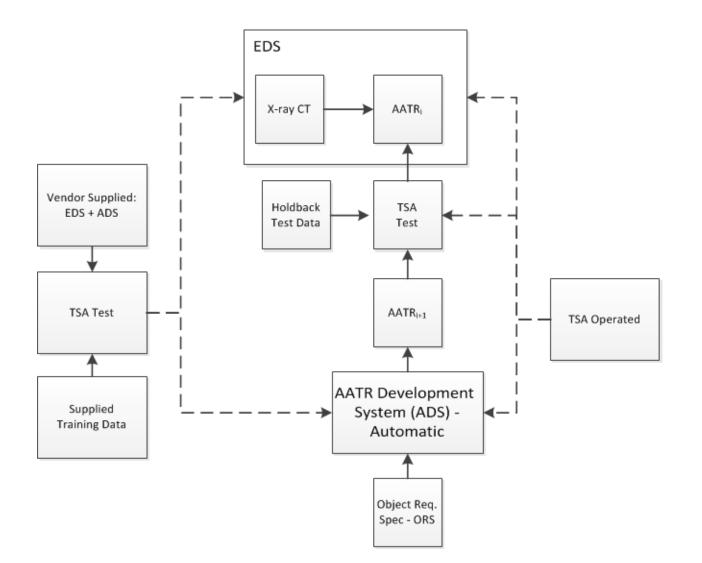
- Tools
 - Franco Rupcich, Cich Solutions
- Technical Leads
 - Carl Crawford, Csuptwo
 - Harry Martz, LLNL
 - David Castanon, Boston University

Acknowledgements - Logistics

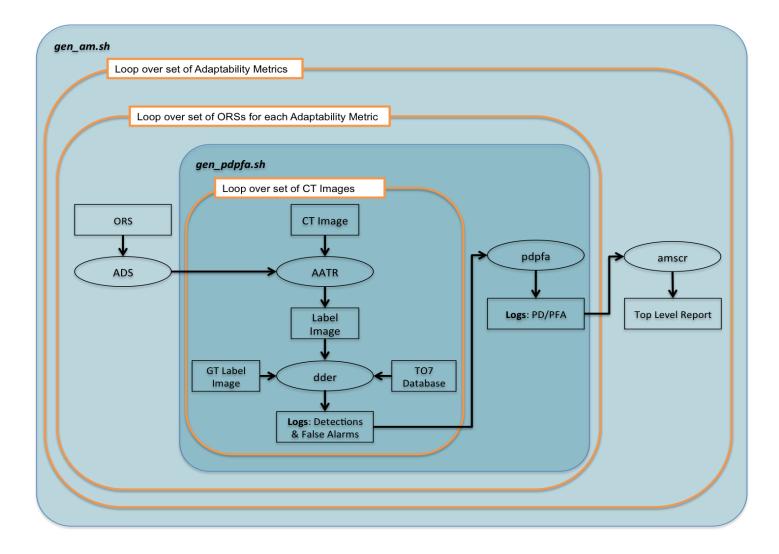
- Melanie Smith, lead
- Tiffany Lam
- Deanna Beirne
- Kristin Hicks
- Anne Magrath
- Pooja Ravichandran
- Sara Baier

BACKUP SLIDES

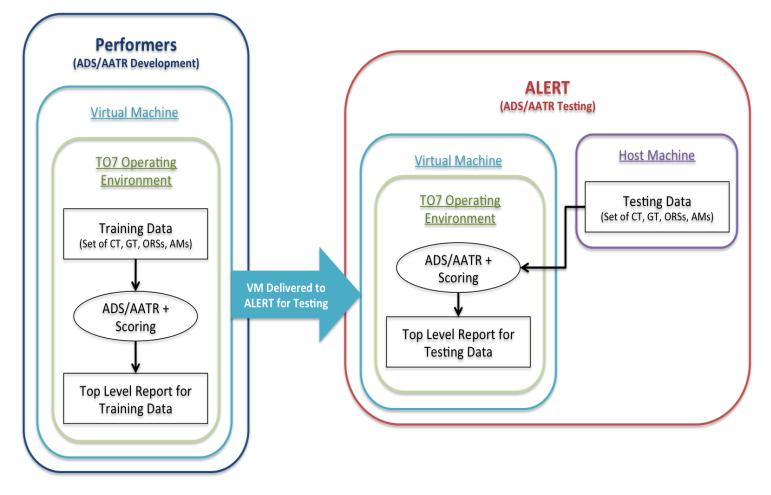
Potential TSA Usage



Test Environment Implementation



Virtual Machine - Testing



Testing performed in phases (steps) to allow debugging and improvements.

Support Functions (Tools)

- Sample ATR
 - Reading image; Writing results (label, log files)
 - Replace ATR functions with your own
- Sample ADS
 - Interfaces to tools and to sample ATR
- Scoring software
 - Detection using recall/precision
 - PD/PFA
 - Compiles results from all runs & AMs into single Top Level Report
 - Must run in Linux
- Master driver program
 - Runs ADS/AATR for different detection requirement specs
- Simulated images for validation available
- Image conversion to FITS
- Ground truth Mevislab

Pe							
		AM 1: AI	ROC				
00 I	Require d PD [%]	Requir d PFA [%]		AATR PD [%]	AATR PFA [%]	C	
S	0.7	0.02					
S	0.8	0.05					
S	0.85	0.08					
S	0.9	0.1					
S	0.95	0.2					
	AROC		<inse< th=""><th>ert value</th><th>e here></th><th></th></inse<>	ert value	e here>		
AM	2: PD/PFA	for Vary	ring	OOIs (O	ORS #1	C	
001	Require d PD [%]	Requ d PF	A	AAT R PD [%]	AAT R PFA [%]		
C,S, R	90	10	I			h	
С	90	10	I				
S	90	10					
	AM 3:	Varing I	D W	eight			
00 I	Req PD [%]	Req PFA [%]		ATR PD [%]	AATR PFA [%]		
C, S	C:90, S:90	10	C:	xx, S: xx			
C, S	C:20, S:90	10	C:	xx, S: xx			

former Training / TO4 Data										
AM 4: PD/PFA for Varying Mass										
001	Min Mass [g]	Require d PD [%]	Require PFA [%]	PD	AAT R PFA [%]	Increme al Mass Rnge [g	S	AATR Incrementa I PD [%]		
S	400	90	10			N/A		N/A		
S	300	90	10			300 - 400				
S	100	90	10			100 - 30	0			
AM 5: PD/PFA for Varying Thicness										
00 I	Min Thickne ss [mm]	Require d PD [%]	Requir d PFA [%]	R PD	AAT R PFA [%]	Increme al Thickne Rnge [mm]	SS	AATR Incrementa I PD [%]		
R	10	90	10			N/A		N/A		
R	6.5	90	10			6.5 - 10				
R	0	90	10			0-6.5				
		AL	ERT Te	esting /	T07 D	ata				
		OOI(s)	Require d PD [%]	Require d PFA [%]	AATR PD [%]	AAT R PFA [%]				
		m1	90	10						
		m2	90	10						
		m3	90	10						

m4